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The Media Relations Department of Hizbollah Wishes You a Happy Birthday**Die Hizbollah – Zwischen Terrorismus und Wohlfahrt***Hezbollah* *Hezbollah* *Israel's Long War with Hezbollah* **The Road to Fatima Gate Asymmetrische Kriegsführung der Hizbollah im Libanonkrieg 2006 und völkerrechtliche Konsequenzen****Die Hizbollah. Geschichte und Rolle, sowie Akzeptanz in der Gesellschaft****Lightning Out of Lebanon** *Working for Oil* **Voice of Hezbollah** *Hezbollah* *Hezbollah* *Hezbollah* **The Internet and Politics** **Voice of Hezbollah** *Examining the State Department's Report on Iranian Presence in the Western Hemisphere 19 Years After AMIA Attack***Hezbollah in Latin America Countering Terrorism and Insurgency in the 21st Century: Lessons from the fight against terrorism****Threat to the Homeland** **The Hizbullah Phenomenon** **Congressional Record** **Terrorism and Homeland Security** **Iran's Networks of Influence in the Middle East** *Wars From Within* **Urging the European Union to Add Hezbollah to the European Union's Wide-ranging List of Terrorist Organizations** **Iran and Hezbollah in the Western Hemisphere** **The Depiction of Terrorists in Blockbuster Hollywood Films, 1980–2001****Hezbollah and Hamas** *Journal of the House of Representatives of the United States* **Air Operations in Israel's War Against Hezbollah** **Nation Building Between National Sovereignty and International Intervention** *Syria, the United States, and the War on Terror in the Middle East* **The War of All the People** **Counterfeit Goods Cruising for Trouble** **From Terrorism to Politics** **Evolution of U.S. Counterterrorism Policy** **Lebanon's Hezbollah** *Hizbullah*

Die Hizbollah – Zwischen Terrorismus und Wohlfahrt Sep 28 2022 Essay aus dem Jahr 2011 im Fachbereich Politik - Internationale Politik - Region: Naher Osten, Vorderer Orient, Note: 2,3, Otto-von-Guericke-Universität Magdeburg, Veranstaltung: Gewalt im Nahen Osten, Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: Die Hizbollah war im Libanon stets einer der wichtigsten Akteure im politischen Geschehen des Libanon (Norton, 1). Nach ihrer Gründung Anfang der 1980er Jahre als bewaffnete Miliz im libanesischen Bürgerkrieg, wandelte sich die Hizbollah rasch zur wichtigsten Organisation im Widerstand gegen die israelische Besatzung. Neben ihrer militärischen Einheiten unterhält die Hizbollah bereits seit ihrer Gründung zur Unterstützung ihrer Anhänger und Mitglieder zahlreiche soziale Einrichtungen. Seit 1992 agiert die Partei Gottes zudem als politische Partei und spielt somit auch auf innenpolitischer Ebene des Libanons vermehrt eine Rolle. Obwohl die Hizbollah seit ihrer Gründung sowohl eine militärische, als auch eine politische und eine soziale Handlungsebene aufgebaut hat und allem Anschein nach erst das Zusammenspiel dieser Handlungsebenen die große Macht der Hizbollah erklären kann, erscheint für die nachfolgenden Untersuchungen die soziale Handlungsebene der Partei Gottes als entscheidender Faktor in ihrer Entwicklung. Bei eingehender Betrachtung dieser Entwicklung der Partei Gottes „von einer radikalen heimlichen Miliz, zu einer moderaten mainstream Partei mit einem Widerstandsflügel“ (Palmer Harik 2005, 1) und zahlreichen sozialen Institutionen stellt sich die Frage, welche Ziele die Hizbollah mit ihrer umfassenden Transformation erreichen will. In dem folgenden Essay soll dieser Frage unter besonderer Berücksichtigung ihrer sozialen Handlungsebene nachgegangen werden. Dazu wird in einem ersten Schritt die Entstehungsgeschichte der Hizbollah kurz umrissen, um dem Leser einen Einblick in die ursprüngliche Entstehung und Motivation der Organisation zu geben. Anschließend werden die verschiedenen Handlungsebenen der Hizbollah dargestellt. Wie bereits im oberen Abschnitt genannt, agiert die Hizbollah (1) als bewaffnete Miliz im libanesischen Bürgerkrieg, (2) als Widerstandsorganisation im Kampf gegen Israel, (3) als politische Partei, sowie (4) als soziale Organisation. Um das Bild der Hizbollah zu vervollständigen wird anschließend die Rolle der Hizbollah als Staat im Staat sowie ihre Rolle als Terrororganisation⁴ kurz dargestellt. Anhand dieser umfassenden Darstellung der Hizbollah und ihren unterschiedlichen Handlungsebenen soll die Transformation der Hizbollah mit ihren zentralen Zielen in Einklang gebracht und die bis heute wichtigsten Ziele hervorgehoben werden.

Iran's Networks of Influence in the Middle East Nov 06 2020 Tehran's ability to fight by, with and through third parties in foreign jurisdictions has become a valuable and effective sovereign capability that gives Iran strategic advantage in the region. Tehran has possessed a form of this capability since the Islamic Revolution in 1979, but its potency and significance have risen sharply in the past decade, to the point where it has brought Iran more regional influence and status than either its nuclear or ballistic-missile programmes. The IISS Strategic Dossier Iran's Networks of Influence provides an understanding of how Iran builds, operates and uses this capability. Based on original field research, open-source information and interviews with a range of sources, the dossier conducts an audit of Iran's activities in the principal regional theatres of Iraq, Lebanon, Syria and Yemen, and its reach into Bahrain, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. It includes an examination of Tehran's nurturing of groups such as the Houthis in Yemen, the Badr Organisation in Iraq, Hizbullah in Lebanon and Shia militias in Syria, and details related to recruitment, weapons supply, logistics and command-and-control systems. Iran's Networks of Influence is intended through objective, fact-based analysis to inform both policymakers and practitioners, and to stimulate debate on the wider significance of Iran's use of third-party partners and the strategic depth they afford Tehran. The dossier also examines the advantages that Iran possesses through its recent experience of conflict, and its ability to mobilise and deploy sympathetic Shia communities across theatres. In a time of rising tension in the region, the dossier looks at how Iran might further develop the use of its partnership capability and the risks and constraints it might face.

Cruising for Trouble Oct 25 2019 This book offers an alarming inside look at the security preparations of the cruise industry and the potential for cruise ships to be the target for pirates, terrorists, and criminal activity. * A combination of photographs from the author, the U.S. Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, and API illustrate innovative security measures found on cruise ships, results of terrorist attacks, fire, piracy, and victims of cruise ship incidents. * Provides a list of acronyms found throughout the book, such as the International Ship and Port Security (ISPS) codes and Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) * Includes over 500 endnote references * Offers a comprehensive index

Hizballah Nov 18 2021 The author reviews the history of Hizballah since its inception in 1982, and examines its role in the recent political turmoil of Lebanon and the region. Not only is Hizballah's role central in the dispute over the Sheb'a Farms enclave between Lebanon and Israel, it is part of an entangled set of linkages involving Syria, Iran, the United States, the European Union, and the Palestinians. The challenge that Hizballah poses to U.S. policy in the Middle East involves complicated strategic issues, not merely problems of terrorism that could be dealt with by countermeasures.

Hezbollah Sep 16 2021 Lebanon's Hezbollah (HZ) is a Shiite Islamist militia, political party, social welfare org., and U.S. State Dept.-designated terrorist org. Its armed element receives support from Iran and Syria and possesses paramilitary and unconventional warfare capabilities. In the wake of the summer 2006 war between Israel and HZ, and an armed domestic confrontation between HZ and rival Lebanese groups in May 2008, Lebanon's political process is now focused on HZ's future role in the country. Contents of this report: (1) Overview and Key Issues; (2) HZ's Origins; (3) HZ Today; (4) Implications for Lebanon; (5) Syria; (6) Iran; (7) HZ's International Activities; (8) Efforts to Combat HZ; (9) Options for Weakening HZ. Charts and tables. A print on demand report.

Wars From Within Oct 05 2020 Wars from Within brings together an international and multidisciplinary group of academics and practitioner-researchers specializing in the study of insurgent movements in order to provide a deeper understanding of the violent manifestations of insurgencies in different parts of the world. In doing so, the book adopts both a functional and regional approach. Firstly, thematic chapters discuss the typology of insurgencies (ethnopolitical, religious and ideological), past and potential responses to them, as well as the impact of advance communication technology on insurgent activity. The book then presents a series of case studies assessing the successes and failures of managing contemporary insurgencies. These are drawn from European, Asian and Middle Eastern insurgencies, as well as the global al-Qaeda network that typifies the post-9/11 challenge posed by internationally operating terrorist organizations. The case studies highlight factors and conditions that trigger, escalate, de-escalate and ultimately end insurgent campaigns. The book concludes with an assessment of how the international community at large has responded and should respond to insurgencies in the future. Contents:The Challenge of Contemporary Insurgencies (Rohan Gunaratna and Albrecht Schnabel)Classification of Insurgencies:Ethnic Terrorism and Insurgencies (Dennis A Pluchinsky)Religious Insurgencies (Angus Muir)Ideological Insurgencies (N T Anders Strindberg)The Internet — A Force Multiplier for Modern Insurgencies (E Kweilen Kimmelman)Insurgencies in Europe, Asia and the Middle East: Experiences, Lessons and Recommendations:Insurgencies in the Balkans: Albanian Liberation Armies (Agon Demjaha and Lulzim Peci)India — The Defeat of Religious Extremist Terror in Punjab (K P S Gill and Ajai Sahni)Conflict to Co-option? Experiences of Dealing with the Insurgencies in India's Northeast (Ajay Darshan Behera)The Tamil Tigers of Sri Lanka (D R Kaarthikeyan)Democratization versus Violence — Terrorist and Insurgent Challenges to Indonesia (Tom Farrell)Hezbollah (Shaul Shay)Al-Qaeda al-Jihad — A Global Insurgency in the Early 21st Century (Rohan Gunaratna)Conclusion:Meeting the Challenge of Contemporary Insurgencies (Albrecht Schnabel and Rohan Gunaratna) Readership: Researchers, policymakers and academics studying the causes and effects of terrorism and insurgencies. Key Features:Several case studies on insurgency included in this bookDiscusses the prevention of and responses to acts of terrorism and insurgencyKeywords:Ethnic Terrorism;Religious Insurgencies;Ideological Insurgencies;Tamil Tigers;Al-Qaeda;The Hezbollah;Albanian Liberation Armies

The Media Relations Department of Hizbollah Wishes You a Happy Birthday Oct 29 2022 Since his boyhood in Qadhafi 's Libya, and later as a reporter for more than thirteen years in cities stretching from Tehran to Marrakesh, Neil MacFarquhar has developed a counterintuitive sense that the Middle East, despite all the bloodshed in its contemporary history, is a place of warmth, humanity, and generous eccentricity. In The Media Relations Department of Hizbollah Wishes You a Happy Birthday MacFarquhar shares a lesser known side of the region, the story he always wanted to file. MacFarquhar shows the daily lives and attitudes of people frequently obscured behind the curtain of violence: the stories of chefs and sex therapists, bloggers and academics struggling to reform on their own terms.

The Depiction of Terrorists in Blockbuster Hollywood Films, 1980–2001 Jul 02 2020 This book examines how American foreign policy and the commercial film industry's economic interests influenced the portrayal of international terrorism in Hollywood blockbuster films from the time of the Iran hostage crisis to the 9/11 terrorist attacks. Part I provides a historical overview of modern international terrorism and how it relates to the United States, its news media, and its film industry. Part II covers depictions of terrorism during the Cold War under President Reagan, including films like Commando and Iron Eagle. Part III covers the Hollywood terrorist after the Cold War, including European terrorists in the Die Hard franchise, Passenger 57, Patriot Games, Blown Away, The Jackal and Ronin; fundamentalist Islamic terrorists in True Lies and Executive Decision; the return of the communist threat in Air Force One; and 9/11 foreshadowing in The Siege.

Countering Terrorism and Insurgency in the 21st Century: Lessons from the fight against terrorism Apr 11 2021 Since the dawn of the new millennium, combating terrorism has become a primary focus of security professionals throughout the world. This volume contributes to our understanding of the terrorist threat and how it can be defeated.

Terrorism and Homeland Security Dec 07 2020 Written by acclaimed national terrorism expert Jonathan R. White, the market-leading TERRORISM AND HOMELAND SECURITY is widely recognized as the most comprehensive, balanced, and objective terrorism book available. In the Eighth Edition, White continues to provide a theoretical and conceptual framework that enables readers to understand how terrorism arises and how it functions. Packed with cutting-edge coverage, the book discusses the most sophisticated theories of the world's best terrorist analysts, while still focusing on the domestic and international threat of terrorism and the basic security issues surrounding terrorism today. Available with InfoTrac Student Collections <http://goengage.com/infotrac>. Important Notice: Media content referenced within the product description or the product text may not be available in the ebook version.

Asymmetrische Kriegsführung der Hizbollah im Libanonkrieg 2006 und völkerrechtliche KonsequenzenApr 23 2022 Studienarbeit aus dem Jahr 2008 im Fachbereich Politik - Internationale Politik - Region: Naher Osten, Vorderer Orient, Note: 1,7, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München (Geschwister-Scholl-Institut für Politische Wissenschaft), Veranstaltung: Übung: Friedenssicherung. Aktuelle Sicherheitsfragen aus dem Blickwinkel des Völkerrechts und der Internationalen Beziehungen., Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: Der Libanonkrieg von 2006, auch Sommerkrieg oder 33-Tage-Krieg genannt, führte der Welt vor Augen wie schnell ein Pulverfass im Nahen Osten explodieren kann. Ein bereits bestehender, aber ungelöster Konflikt wurde durch gezielte Provokation erneut zum Aufflammen gebracht und führte in einen verlustreichen Krieg. Israel führte Krieg gegen die islamistische Hizbollah – einer schwer bewaffneten Miliz innerhalb des Libanons, die erbitterten Widerstand leistete und durch andauernden Raketenbeschuss Israel politisch unter Druck setzte. Diese Arbeit soll die unterschiedlichen Akteure, die Kriegsführung und die Konsequenzen des Libanonkrieges untersuchen, wobei der Schwerpunkt auf der Hizbollah ruht, die als nicht-staatlicher Akteur, einen internationalen Konflikt ausgelöst hat. Dabei soll untersucht werden, wie die Organisation entstanden ist, welche Ideologie sie verfolgt und wie sie im libanesischen Staat verwurzelt ist. Es wird sich zeigen, dass die Hizbollah weit mehr als eine „Terrororganisation“ ist, wie sie von Israel und den USA eingestuft wird. Diese Arbeit zielt darauf ab, an Hand der Akteure, sowie der Kriegsführung die Asymmetrie des Libanonkrieges zu beschreiben. Dabei soll der Kampfeinsatz der Hizbollah analysiert werden, um herauszufinden, wie die Organisation der Übermacht der israelischen Streitkräfte 33 Tage hartnäckigen Widerstand leisten konnte. Angelehnt an diese Frage soll auch die israelische Kriegsleistung untersucht werden, die sich nach dem Konflikt einer breiten Kritik unterziehen musste. Im Anschluss daran soll der Krieg aus der Perspektive des Völkerrechts betrachtet werden. Dabei wird zum Einen die Problematik des asymmetrischen Krieges herausgestellt, bei dem das Völkerrecht an seine Grenzen stößt. Zum Anderen sollen die völkerrechtlichen Konsequenzen, vor allem die Resolution 1701 der Vereinten Nationen dargestellt werden. Abschließend soll ein Ausblick über die Perspektiven für eine friedliche Lösung des Nahost-Konflikts gegeben werden. Zunächst folgt jedoch eine Übersicht über den Konfliktverlauf des Libanonkrieges.

Journal of the House of Representatives of the United States Apr 30 2020 Some vols. include supplemental journals of "such proceedings of the sessions, as, during the time they were depending, were ordered to be kept secret, and respecting which the injunction of secrecy was afterwards taken off by the order of the House."

Threat to the Homeland Mar 10 2021

Hezbollah Jul 26 2022 Almost thirty years after its foundation, Lebanese Hezbollah remains an organization difficult to understand. An Islamist terrorist group dedicated to destroying Israel or the first Arab national Resistance to have ever defeated Tel-Aviv's troops, a patriotic and respectable party or a fascist network having managed to control all levers of Lebanese political life... what exactly is Hezbollah? How did it acquire such an important role in the Middle-Eastern game and in Lebanese politics? This book has three purposes. It first gives an articulated definition of Hezbollah, presenting a thorough history of the party, describing its well-built internal structure, and the large scope of its social and political action. It then explains the evolution of the party's mobilization. Finally, it illustrates another path, political but mainly identity-related, that of the Shiite community, today the main constituent of Lebanese society. Through a rigorous and richly documented study, mainly based on primary sources, amongst which hundreds of interviews with rank and file members, executives and officials of the party, and research material never examined before, the author unveils brand new aspects of this organization, thus completing, in a clear and efficient manner, our understanding of both the "Hezbollah phenomenon" and Lebanese politics of the last two decades.

The Internet and Politics Aug 15 2021 This volume explores the nature of the Internet's impact on civil society, addressing the following central questions: is the Internet qualitatively different from the more traditional forms of the media? has the Internet demonstrated real potential to improve civil society through a wider provision of information, an enhancement of communication between government and citizen, or via better state transparency? does the Internet pose a threat to the coherence of civil society as people are encouraged to abandon shared media experiences and pursue narrow interests? in authoritarian states, does the Internet function as a beacon for free speech or as another tool for propaganda?

Voice of Hezbollah Jul 14 2021 In July 2006, with the commencement of hostilities between Israel and Hezbollah, Sayyed Hassan Nasrallah, the longstanding secretary general of the “Party of God,” burst into the spotlight of the Western media — cast, almost inevitably, as an even more dangerous incarnation of Osama bin Laden. Yet well before the start of the war, Nasrallah had acquired an almost unrivalled credibility in the Arab world among admirers and detractors alike, a profile that soared in May 2000 when he became the first leader to push Israel out of Arab land. Voice of Hezbollah brings to an English-speaking readership for the first time Nasrallah’s speeches and interviews: the intricate, deeply populist arguments and promises that he has made from the mid-1980s to the present day. Newly translated from the Arabic, and with an introduction by one of the foremost writers on Lebanon, Voice of Hezbollah is critical to the understanding of the man and the movement.

Die Hizbollah. Geschichte und Rolle, sowie Akzeptanz in der GesellschaftMar 22 2022 Studienarbeit aus dem Jahr 2008 im Fachbereich Politik - Internationale Politik - Thema: Deutsche Außenpolitik, Note: 1,7, Universität Kassel, Veranstaltung: Deutschland am Hindukusch verteidigen?, Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: „hizb ullah“ heißt übersetzt „Partei Gottes“. Denkt man nun an die vielen Anschläge, welche von muslimischen Fundamentalisten verübt wurden, so ist über die Organisation der Hizbollah(Schreibweise in dieser Arbeit) schnell geurteilt. Die Köpfe vieler Menschen in der restlichen Welt sind von Angst vor islamischen Bewegungen erfüllt und man ist schnell darin solchen Parteien oder Organisationen wie eben die Hizbollah oder auch die PLO auf eine Stufe mit Beispielsweise „Al Quaida“ zu stellen. Es ist ja auch nur zu einfach, wenn man die Zeitungen aufschlägt oder den Fernseher anschaltet sieht man nur zu oft Bilder von Selbstmordattentätern die duzende Menschen mit in den Tod gerissen haben oder hunderte Moslems die wütend gegen die westliche Welt demonstrieren und Fahnen, zum Beispiel die der USA, verbrennen. Wenn man solche Bilder sieht, dann fällt einem die Entscheidung leicht. So einfach ist es jedoch häufig nicht. Gerade bei der Hizbollah sollte man ganz genau hinsehen und überprüfen ob diese Organisation auch „gute“ Seiten hat. In dieser Arbeit soll versucht werden zu klären, ob die Hizbollah eine Terrororganisation ist oder nicht. Man muss sich zuerst ansehen wie die Hizbollah im Libanon verankert ist, welche Vergangenheit diese Organisation im Land hat und welche Rolle sie in der Gesellschaft einnimmt. Danach soll die Rolle der Hizbollah in verschiedenen Auseinandersetzungen beleuchtet werden, insbesondere im Krieg gegen Israel aus dem Jahre 2006. Spannend ist es dann zu sehen, wie das Ausland, gerade das Westliche, die „Partei Gottes“ sieht und wie Sie eingestuft wird, ob als terroristische Organisation oder ob Sie nicht vielleicht sogar doch von manchen Ländern akzeptiert wird. Zum Ende der Arbeit soll noch einmal erörternd zusammengefasst werden, ob die Hizbollah nun ein Fluch oder ein Segen ist.

Hezbollah and Hamas Jun 01 2020 national security, Gleis and Berti provide a comparative analysis of their histories and political missions that moves beyond reductionist portrayals of the organizations' military operations.

Lebanon’s Hezbollah Jul 22 2019 Born in the turmoil of the Lebanese civil war and Israel’s twenty-year occupation of southern Lebanon, Hezbollah is many things to many people. To impoverished Lebanese citizens, it is a social services agency, offering assistance the government does not. To militant Lebanese Muslims, it is a political party determined to install a conservative Islamic government. To Israelis and most Westerners, Hezbollah is a terrorist organization bent on destroying Israel and attacking Western interests. Ann Byers expertly sorts through these perceptions of the group and gives readers entrance into the complex world of the Hezbollah.

Lightning Out of Lebanon Feb 21 2022 Before September 11, 2001, one terrorist group had killed more Americans than any other: Hezbollah, the “Party of God.” Today it remains potentially more dangerous than even al Qaeda. Yet little has been known about its inner workings, past successes, and future plans—until now. Written by an accomplished journalist and a law-enforcement expert, Lightning Out of Lebanon is a chilling and essential addition to our understanding of the external and internal threats to America. In disturbing detail, it portrays the degree to which Hezbollah has infiltrated this country and the extent to which it intends to do us harm. Formed in Lebanon by Iranian Revolutionary Guards in 1982, Hezbollah is fueled by hatred of Israel and the United States. Its 1983 truck-bomb attack against the U.S. Marine barracks in Beirut killed 241 soldiers—the largest peacetime loss ever for the U.S. military—and caused President Reagan to withdraw all troops from Lebanon. Since then, among other atrocities, Hezbollah has murdered Americans at the U.S. embassy in Lebanon and the Khobar Towers U.S. military housing complex in Saudi Arabia; tortured and killed the CIA station chief in Beirut; held organizational meetings with top members of al Qaeda—including Osama bin Laden—and established sleeper cells in the United States and Canada. Lightning Out of Lebanon reveals how, starting in 1982, a cunning and deadly Hezbollah terrorist named Mohammed Youssef Hammoud operated a cell in Charlotte, North Carolina, under the radar of American intelligence. The story of how FBI special agent Rick Schwein captured him in 2002 is a brilliantly researched and written account. Yet the past is only prologue in the unsettling odyssey of Hezbollah. Using their exclusive sources in the Middle East and inside the U.S. counterterrorism establishment, the authors of Lightning Out of Lebanon imagine the deadly future of Hezbollah and posit how best to combat the group which top American counterintelligence officials and Senator Bob Graham, vice-chairman of the Senate Intelligence Committee, have called “the A Team of terrorism.”

Air Operations in Israel's War Against Hezbollah Mar 30 2020 Examines the performance of the Israeli Defense Forces in Lebanon in 2006 and contrasts it with Israel's action against Hamas in the Gaza Strip in December 2008 and January 2009.

Hezbollah in Latin America May 12 2021

Congressional Record Jan 08 2021

Urging the European Union to Add Hezbollah to the European Union's Wide-ranging List of Terrorist OrganizationsSep 04 2020

Counterfeit Goods Nov 25 2019

The Hizbullah Phenomenon Feb 09 2021 "Hizbullah's management of its image and identity are scrutinised by the authors alongside analysis of the movement's communication strategy, political behaviour and performance"--Provided by publisher.

Nation Building Between National Sovereignty and International InterventionFeb 27 2020 The volume deals with the connection between national sovereignty and different forms of international intervention as well as their influence on the process of nation building.

Working for Oil Jan 20 2022 This volume examines the social history of oil workers and investigates how labor relations have shaped the global oil industry during the twentieth century and today. It brings together the work of scholars from a range of disciplines, approaching the social, political, economic and cultural dimensions of oil. The contributors analyze a number of key oil producing regions, including the Americas, the Middle East, Central Asia, the Caucasus, Europe and Africa.

Hizbullah Jun 20 2019 A unique insider's view of one of the most important political parties in the Middle East The founders of the resistance group Hizbullah ('Party of God') organised in 1982, during the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, and were instrumental in eventually forcing Israel to withdraw its troops altogether - thus ending a twenty-two-year-old military occupation. Many armed factions sprang up in the face of Lebanon's descent into chaos, but few were as organised, disciplined, persistent and civic-minded as Hizbullah. In the 1990s, after many years functioning as both a guerrilla movement targeting the Israeli military on Lebanese soil and as a social-support provider to Lebanese victims of war, Hizbullah moved into mainstream parliamentary politics. (Contrary to the US categorisation of Hizbullah as a 'terrorist group', the party has never advocated attacking non-military targets, and was quick to condemn the events of September 11.) Today they remain a force to be reckoned with on the Lebanese political scene, with many of their positions co-opted by other parties. A religious Shi'ite party with ties to Iran, Hizbullah advocates the establishment of an Islamic republic in Lebanon. However, they are as adamant that such a change would have to come about peacefully and with popular support. Unique amongst Islamic resistance groups, they regularly network with 'rival' parties as well as groups from other denominations. Sheikh Naim Qassem offers an insider's view of the workings of Hizbullah, from its inception until now. It is a comprehensive guide to the mandate of one of the Middle East's major political forces, in their own words.

Hezbollah Oct 17 2021 Most policymakers in the United States and Israel have it wrong: Hezbollah isn't a simple terrorist organization--nor is it likely to disappear any time soon. Following Israel's war against Hezbollah in the summer of 2006, the Shi'i group--a hybrid of militia, political party, and social services and public works provider--remains very popular in the Middle East. After Lebanon tottered close to disaster, Hezbollah and its allies gained renewed political power in Beirut. The most lucid, informed, and balanced analysis of the group yet written, Hezbollah is essential reading for anyone who wants to understand the Middle East. A new afterword brings readers up to date on Hezbollah's most recent actions.

The Road to Fatima Gate May 24 2022 He sets up camp in a tent city built in downtown Beirut by anti-Syrian dissidents, is bullied and menaced by Hezbollah's supposedly friendly "media relations" department, crouches under fire on the Lebanese-Israeli border during the six-week war in 2006, witnesses an Israeli ground invasion from behind a line of Merkava tanks, sneaks into Hezbollah's postwar rubblecape without authorization, and is attacked in Beirut by militiamen who enforce obedience to the "resistance" at the point of a gun.

Israel's Long War with Hezbollah Jun 25 2022 The ongoing conflict between Israel and the Lebanese militant group Hezbollah is now in its fourth decade and shows no signs of ending. Raphael D. Marcus examines this conflict since the formation of Hezbollah during Israel's occupation of Lebanon in the early 1980s. He critically evaluates events including Israel's long counterinsurgency campaign throughout the 1990s, the Israeli withdrawal in 2000, the 2006 summer war, and concludes with an assessment of current tensions on the border between Israel and Lebanon related to the Syrian civil war. Israel's Long War with Hezbollah is both the first complete military history of this decades-long conflict and an analysis of military innovation and adaptation. The book is based on unique fieldwork in Israel and Lebanon, extensive research into Hebrew and Arabic primary sources, and dozens of interviews Marcus conducted with Israeli defense officials, high-ranking military officers of the Israel Defense Forces (IDF), United Nations personnel, a Hezbollah official, and Western diplomats. As an expert on organizational learning, Marcus analyzes ongoing processes of strategic and operational innovation and adaptation by both the IDF and Hezbollah throughout the long guerrilla conflict. His conclusions illuminate the dynamics of the ongoing conflict and illustrate the complexity of military adaptation under fire. With Hezbollah playing an ongoing role in the civil war in Syria and the simmering hostilities on the Israel-Lebanon border, students, scholars, diplomats, and military practitioners with an interest in Middle Eastern security issues, Israeli military history, and military innovation and adaptation can ill afford to neglect this book.

Evolution of U.S. Counterterrorism Policy Aug 23 2019 This three volume set provides a comprehensive collection of key documents, statements, and testimony on U.S. government counterterrorism policies as they have evolved in the face of the changing terrorist threats. Selected executive and congressional materials highlight the government's diverse policy and program responses to terrorism. [snip] Recent entries offer a compilation of important post-9/11 materials such as background information on U.S. actions against Osama bin Laden, the Taliban, and Saddam Hussein, and terrorism funding. Also included are statements from the Reagan and other administrations that relate to disputes over the appropriate use of force.--Back cover.

Hezbollah Aug 27 2022 Examines the political party's activities beyond the Lebanese borders, from its financial and logistical support networks to its covert criminal and terrorist operations around the world.

Iran and Hezbollah in the Western Hemisphere Aug 03 2020

From Terrorism to Politics Sep 23 2019 How do terrorists become politicians? This book embraces a series of comparative case studies in order to examine important issues regarding the relationship between terrorism and political processes. It identifies the characteristics necessary for the transition from a 'terrorist' organization to a political party and situates this within broader debates about substantive ethical concerns motivating the distinction between legitimate politics and illegitimate violence. The volume offers a presentation of how some terrorist groups see the world in which they live. It also provides an understanding of how established democracies such as the US react to the phenomenon of the terrorist-politician transition. This is a useful resource for students and scholars of international relations, political ethics and comparative politics.

The War of All the People Dec 27 2019 The "real" "clash of civilizations"

Voice of Hezbollah Dec 19 2021 In July 2006, with the commencement of hostilities between Israel and Hezbollah, Sayyed Hassan Nasrallah, the longstanding secretary general of the "Party of God," burst into the spotlight of the Western media — cast, almost inevitably, as an even more dangerous incarnation of Osama bin Laden. Yet well before the start of the war, Nasrallah had acquired an almost unrivalled credibility in the Arab world among admirers and detractors alike, a profile that soared in May 2000 when he became the first leader to push Israel out of Arab land. Voice of Hezbollah brings to an English-speaking readership for the first time Nasrallah's speeches and interviews: the intricate, deeply populist arguments and promises that he has made from the mid-1980s to the present day. Newly translated from the Arabic, and with an introduction by one of the foremost writers on Lebanon, Voice of Hezbollah is critical to the understanding of the man and the movement.

Examining the State Department's Report on Iranian Presence in the Western Hemisphere 19 Years After AMIA Attack Jun 13 2021

Syria, the United States, and the War on Terror in the Middle East Jan 28 2020 Ever since Syria won its independence from France in 1946, it has been a crucial player in Middle Eastern politics. Over the years, relations between the United States and Syria have fluctuated as Washington has tried to balance its commitment to Israel's security with its support for Arab regimes in order to protect vital and strategic interests in the Arab world. Rabil provides a history of the modern U.S.-Syrian relationship, putting the latest events in the context of contemporary history, and placing the relationship in the context of Middle Eastern politics.

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